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**IN THE CLAIMS**

**Please amend claims 1, 19 and 85 as indicated in the list of pending claims:**

**PENDING CLAIMS**

1. (Currently Amended) A tissue biopsy device for accessing and collecting a tissue specimen from a target site within a patient, comprising:

- a. an elongated probe member which has a longitudinal axis, which has a proximal end configured to be secured to a drive, which has an inner lumen extending therein, which has a tissue penetrating distal tip and which has an aperture proximal to the tissue penetrating distal tip which is configured to receive tissue from the target site and which has at least one longitudinally oriented tissue cutting edge; and
- b. an elongated tissue cutting member which is disposed within the elongated probe member, which has a distal tubular portion having a distal tip with an outer tissue cutting edge which defines a tissue receiving opening, which is inclined at an angle of less than 75° with respect to the longitudinal tissue cutting edge of the elongated probe member and has leading and trailing portions which has an inner lumen extending therein and in fluid communication with the tissue receiving opening, which has a longitudinally oriented slot in a wall of the distal tubular portion of the tissue cutting member that opens to the trailing portion of the tissue receiving opening in the distal tip and which has a proximal portion that is configured to be

operably connected to at least one drive unit to move the tissue cutting member to cut a tissue specimen from tissue extending into the tissue receiving aperture of the elongated probe member by at least one outer tissue cutting edge of the tissue cutting member.

2-6. (Cancelled)

7. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 1 wherein the inner lumen of the tissue cutting member is configured to access a vacuum source to transport a tissue specimen through the inner lumen thereof to a tissue collector in fluid communication with the inner lumen.

8. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 1, wherein the tissue cutting member is configured for oscillating movement about the longitudinal axis.

9. (Original) The biopsy device of claim 8, wherein the tissue cutting member is also configured for reciprocating longitudinal movement.

10. (Original) The biopsy device of claim 9, wherein the tissue cutting member is configured for reciprocating longitudinal movement of between about 0.01 inch and about 0.2 inch (0.25-5.1 mm).

11-14. (Cancelled)

15. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 1, wherein the tissue cutting member is configured for longitudinal movement along the longitudinal axis.

16. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 15, wherein the tissue cutting member is also configured for oscillating movement.

17-18. (Cancelled)

19. (Currently Amended) The biopsy device of claim 1 wherein the tissue cutting edge of the tissue cutting member has a tissue cutting angle over a substantial part of the length of the edge of the tissue cutting member with respect to the tissue cutting edge of the aperture of about 30° to less than about 75°.

20. (Cancelled)

21. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 1 wherein the aperture of the probe member has a second longitudinally oriented tissue cutting edge parallel to the first longitudinally oriented tissue cutting edge and a tissue cutting distal edge which extends between the first and second longitudinally oriented tissue cutting edge.

22-70 (Cancelled)

71. (Previously Presented) A tissue removal device for accessing and severing a tissue specimen from supporting tissue at a target site within a patient, comprising:

- a. an elongated tubular member which has a longitudinal axis, which has an inner lumen extending therein, which has a tissue penetrating distal tip and which has a tissue receiving aperture proximal to the tissue penetrating distal tip and defined at least in part by one inner longitudinally oriented, tissue cutting edge; and
- b. an elongated tissue cutting member which is disposed within the inner lumen of the elongated tubular member, which has a distal tubular portion with a distal tissue cutting tip having an outer tissue cutting edge configured to engage the at least one inner tissue cutting edge defining in

part the aperture of the elongated tubular member, which is inclined at an angle less than 75° with respect to the longitudinal tissue cutting edge of the elongated probe member and has leading and trailing portions, which defines at least in part a tissue receiving opening in the distal tissue cutting tip, which has a longitudinally oriented slot in a distal wall portion of the tissue cutting member that extends to the trailing portion of the cutting edges and opens to the tissue receiving opening in the distal tip and which has a proximal portion that is configured to be connected to at least one drive unit to move the tissue cutting member to sever from supporting tissue a tissue specimen tissue extending into the open tissue receiving section of the elongated member by the outer tissue cutting edge of the tissue cutting tip engaging the inner tissue cutting edge defining in part the aperture of the elongated tubular member.

72-73. (Cancelled)

74. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 71 wherein the elongated tissue cutting member has an inner lumen in fluid communication with the opening configured to receive severed tissue.

75. (Cancelled)

76. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 71 wherein the distal tip is flared so that the outer tissue cutting edge of the tissue cutting member engages the inner tissue cutting edge of the elongated tubular member.

77. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 71 wherein the distal tubular portion of the tissue cutting member has at least a second opening in a

wall thereof.

78. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 77 wherein the second opening in the wall of the distal tubular portion is adjacent to the longitudinally oriented slot in the wall.

79. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 77 wherein the second opening opens to the longitudinally oriented slot.

80. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 77 wherein the distal tubular portion has a third opening in a wall thereof on a side of the distal tubular member opposite to the second opening.

81. (Previously Presented) The biopsy device of claim 80 wherein the third

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